$\qquad$
Teacher:
Class/ Block:
Date: $\qquad$

## Counting Principle

Please answer each question. Cleary identify your final answer!!
No work or explanation $=$ No Credit

## Phone Numbers:

## NYZ - ABC - XXXX

Today all area codes had the form is $N Y Z$, where $N$ was any digit from 2 to $9, \mathrm{Y}$ is $0-8$, and $Z$ is $0-9$

1. How many area codes were possible?

Before 1995, all area codes had the form is NYZ, where N was any digit from 2 to 9 , Y was 0 to 4 , and $Z$ was 1 to 9.
2. How many area codes are possible today?

The 7-digit numbers in a given area code have the form $A B C-X X X X$ where $X, B$, and $C$ can be any digit 0-9 and $A$ is restricted to $2-9$
3. How many 7-digit numbers are possible (note this is for EACH area code)

## License Plates:

How many license plates can each state assign?
4. Georgia: 3-letters followed by 4-digits
5. Delaware: 6-digits
6. New Jersey: one letter followed by two digits and then three letters

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7. Florida: one Letter followed by three digits then two more letters

- How many license plates have all distinct letters/ numbers?


## Passwords:

8. Which is harder to guess a 4-digit password or a 3-letter password?
9. A locker has a 3-number combination. The numbers are 0-35 and they do not repeat. How many combinations are possible?
10. How many pins are represented by the same sequence of keys as "2133"? (Note: keep in mind the total possible choices on each key)

11. How many pins are represented by the same sequence of keys as "5031"? (Note: keep in mind the total possible choices on each key)
12. How many different passwords can generated in the form $\operatorname{ABBBBCBC}$ if $A$ is an odd digit $C$ is a non-repeating even digit and $B$ is a non-repeating letter?
13. How many different passwords can be generated in the form $\operatorname{ABCCBCD}$ if $A$ is an even digit $C$ is a non-repeating letter and $B$ is a non-repeating odd digit and $D$ is a symbol \{!,@,\#,\$, or \%\}?
